

8-25-1909

Bulloch Times

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Program of the union meeting of the Bulloch County Association to be held with Friendship Baptist church, August 27-28-29.

10 a. m. Prayer and praise service conducted by R. A. Chester.

11 a. m. Sermon—A. R. Richardson.

Adjourn for dinner.

2 p. m. Organize.

2 p. m. Subject, What is Tainted Money, and Should it be used for Church Purposes?—B. M. Williams and W. B. Addison.

2:45 p. m. What is the Fundamental Teaching of the Bible?—W. O. Darsey and J. J. Miller.

SATURDAY.

10 a. m. Reading of the Lord's Prayer and commentary—M. H. Massey.

11 a. m. Where Shall We Place Self?—W. C. Parker and Walker.

Adjourn for dinner.

1:30 p. m. When Does Salvation Become Desirable?—A. R. Richardson and A. L. Brantley.

SUNDAY.

10 a. m. Sunday school.

10:30 a. Are Christians Doing Their Duty When They do not Attend Sunday School?—W. C. Parker.

11 a. m. Sermon—A. L. Brantley.

COMMITTEE.

James Staten.

Mr. James Staten, aged 28 years, died Saturday night at the Statesboro Sanitarium, where he had been for a month following an operation for stomach trouble.

Mr. Staten was a son-in-law of Mr. J. A. Wynne, who lives in the vicinity of Blitch.

Money to Loan.

We are prepared to make quick loans on improved farm lands in Bulloch county. We will renew your old loans.

DEAL & RENFROE, Statesboro, Ga.

Tent Meeting at Olney.

A tent meeting to continue several days will begin at Olney on Thursday, 26th inst., under the leadership of Rev. W. M. Blitch. Everybody is cordially invited to attend the services.

BRINSON RY. REACHES SYLVANIA

Taps Savannah Valley Road at Oliver, Opening New Territory.

OLIVER, Ga., Aug. 12.—After overcoming great difficulties which arose unexpectedly from time to time and with less than two weeks of actual work the Brinson railway was connected here this afternoon with the Savannah Valley railroad which was recently acquired by Mr. Brinson.

Commencing with tomorrow morning a double daily service will be established between Savannah and Newington, Sylvania, Millhaven and other points on the Savannah Valley road, which have not before enjoyed the advantage of a direct line to the sea with but one freight to pay. The service between these points and Savannah has in the past been over an indirect route.

The connecting of the Brinson road with the Savannah Valley involved fast and hard work. The rail laying was commenced July 30 and has been pushed steadily every day. The rainfall has been very heavy and frequent, but despite this delay an average of nearly two miles a day has been laid. Nearly six hundred feet of trestle has also been constructed. One entire day was devoted to the construction of a 480-foot trestle.

As an example of the dispatch with which the work was carried on Chief Engineer Strong yesterday took a gang of laborers and cut ten pine timber, carried the logs to a small sawmill, fired up the boiler, sawed the trees and in four hours had a trestle completed with rails strung ready for the trains.

The opening up of the new line means a great deal to this section as the service afforded means new life, new industries and numbers of new people.

Popular Rate Excursion Via S. & S. Railway

To Tybee, Tuesday, August 24th, last of the season. \$1.50 round trip, half tickets 75 cents. Tickets good to return on date of sale.

The summer is passing and heavy work of fall and winter will soon be here. Take advantage of this last opportunity to have a day of recreation and rest; enjoy the water and breezes of Tybee, the society of your friends and a quick, comfortable trip over our line.

Train leaves Statesboro 6 a. m., returning, leaves Savannah at 6:45 p. m.

Train No. 88, leaving Statesboro at 7:15 will not be run on this date.

Ample accommodations will be provided for everyone.

D. N. BACOT, Supt.

A DAY OF BAD LUCK.

List of Casualties Shows 13th to Be Unlucky Day.

ATLANTA, Aug. 15.—A well-known Atlanta has furnished a compilation of the catastrophes which occurred in this country last Friday, which, by the way, was the 13th day of August—the only "Friday-the-thirteenth" which adorns the calendar of 1909.

Some of the disasters enumerated are copied as follows:

Atlanta—Young lady drowned, man killed by street car, woman attempted suicide, millionaire citizen died of heat, mayor's automobile ran away and two sets of twins were born.

Augusta, Ga.—Prominent merchant fell from second-story window and was killed.

Bristol, Va.—Train wrecked and engineer killed.

Milton, Del.—\$150,000 fire.

Newark, N. J.—Prisoner seriously injured two keepers and was himself killed.

Lynchburg, Va.—Southern railway's big tunnel caught fire.

Park Rapids, Minn.—Prominent judge and his daughter drowned while fishing.

Greensboro, N. C.—Man dropped dead.

New York—Two murders, three suicides, four killed in accidents and Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont became a sufraette.

Santa Clara, Cal.—Big bank robbery.

Vandergriff Heights, Pa.—Three killed in lamp explosion.

Nashville, Tenn.—One murder.

Lexington, Ky.—Court house struck by lightning and completely destroyed.

Dallas, Tex.—Daughter killed father.

Centerville, Tenn.—One killed and five hurt in boiler explosion.

Bisbee, Ariz.—Two murders.

Fort Worth, Tex.—Policeman murdered.

McComb, Ky. Miss.—Six-year-old negro boy killed his four-year-old playmate.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Five suicides and three murders.

Pensacola—Prescher drowned and a man was eaten by a shark.

HARNES AND SHOE SHOP.

Harness and shoes neatly and substantially repaired. New harness made to order, bucking straps, hip straps, harness, traces, traces, etc., on hand and for sale. Competent workmen—satisfaction guaranteed.

Your work solicited, and will be appreciated.

J. M. LANGFORD, Manager.

North Main street, opposite Brooks House.

Corn "Counts" Well.

Mr. Wm. Cannon is one of Edgemoor's farmers who can boast of the distinction of having one of the finest fields of corn in the county. Notwithstanding he has a thirty-five acre field that will yield him eighteen hundred bushels, he has a two-acre patch that will stand a count of twenty-two thousand large, well-developed ears of corn that bids fair for one hundred bushels to the acre. Besides, he will get something like five thousand pounds of long forage on the same two acres. If any of our good farmers have anything "in sight" that will beat this, or even come up to it, we would like to have samples of the product.—Guyton News.

Now, that is growing corn some, and in "counting" his ears the gentleman has shown great wisdom as a farmer: It's a mighty good idea to count nine corn instead of measure it. More good corn has been lost in measuring than in the drought and flood since creation.

THE WICKED NEVER TREAD THE NEW EARTH.—Two views deserve a passing notice at this time. The first is that the earth is renewed at the second coming of Christ, and is the habitation of the saints during the thousand years; the other is that when Christ appears the second time, he sets up his kingdom in Palestine, and performs a work of conquest over the nations that are left on the earth during the thousand years, and finally subdues them to Himself.

One among many objections to the first view, is that it makes the wicked, in their resurrection, come up, with the devil at their head, and tread with their unbalanced feet upon the purified and holy earth, and the saints, who have held possession for a thousand years, are obliged to yield the ground and flee into the city. But we cannot believe that the saints' inheritance will ever be thus marred, or that the fair plains of the earth will ever be polluted with the impious tread of the resuscitated wicked; for besides outraging all ideas of propriety, there is no scripture that from which even an inference can be drawn to support it.

And as to the second view, one among many of its absurdities is that notwithstanding Christ and His saints have conquered the earth during the thousand years, at the end of this period the wicked get the upper hand of them, they lose their territory, the work of a thousand years is undone, and they are compelled to beat an ignominious retreat into the city for shelter, leaving the earth to the undisputed sway of their foes. Some may rack their brain trying to harmonize the inconsistencies and absurdities of such theories, or may endeavor to draw consolation from the dubious prospect. For myself I prefer better employment and a brighter hope.

A THOUSAND YEARS IN HEAVEN.—In contrast with these theories, there is a beautiful harmony in the view herein presented; namely, that the saints are with Christ in heaven during the thousand years while the earth lies desolate; that at the end of that time, the saints and the city come down, and the wicked dead are raised and come up against it; that the latter receive their judgment; and that from the purifying fires which destroy them come forth the new heavens and the new earth, to be the abode of the righteous for eternity which never begins till time ends.

J. H.

Sing at Callic School House.

An all-day sing will be held at Callic school house on Sunday, 26th inst., under the management of Mr. M. V. Hursey. Everybody is invited to come and bring dinner.

Summer Excursion Rates

To New York, Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia and the East, via Savannah and Steamships.

The Central of Georgia Railway is now selling summer excursion tickets to New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia and resorts in the East, at very low rates for the round trip. Statesboro to New York \$34.00, Boston \$38.15, Baltimore \$25.00, Philadelphia \$29.00, including meals and berth aboard ship. Corresponding rates from other places.

Tickets are good to return until October 31, 1909.

For schedules of trains, through sleeping car service, sailing dates of ships from Savannah, berth on ships, etc., apply to nearest ticket agent or address W. W. Hackett, T. P. A., Augusta, Ga.

For Sale.

147 acres highly improved clay lands near Silston, Ga., with two four room houses, dining room annexed and all necessary outbuildings; terms reasonable and good reasons for selling. Also one fourth acre lot at town of Arcola, Ga. Apply to G. A. Hutto, Silston, Ga.

HUB SHOES

Character is as necessary as Comfort in a shoe

HUB Shoes did not make their remarkable reputation solely from their appearance. They earned the greater portion of it from their lasting wear.

There is not a shoe made that excels HUB Shoes—in wear, comfort and style—a pair of HUB Shoes will give you foot satisfaction for a long time. Made in all Leathers.

Ask the Hub Shoe Dealer in your town to show you.

Helen Hunt, Queen Rosalind, Dress Shoes, built for Service, \$2.50. An Elegant, Flexible, Dressy Shoe.

Right Royal, Character, A Royal Good Shoe, Tried and True, Best Made—The Triumph of Skill, \$2.50.

For Children—Any HUB Brand Shoe—For Children

For every end of a HUB Shoe Box—of the above-named styles you send us—we will send you a USEFUL SOUVENIR FREE.

JOS. ROSENHEIM SHOE CO. MAKERS, SAVANNAH, GA.

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The goods are Right
The prices are Right
The terms are Right

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J. G. JONES, Manager

New York.
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For all of the above points, and many others, the

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For further information address

J. L. MEEK, G. R. PETTIT,
A. G. P. A., T. P. A.,
Atlanta, Georgia Macon, Ga.

123 SIGNED; ONLY 2 REFUSED

AUTOBILIST AND HIS BROTHER TWO WHO DECLINED.

Just as an evidence of the unanimity of the people of Bulloch county, a petition against the proposed automobile highway is here published with 123 signatures. This list was circulated in the Sinkhole district part of two days—Saturday and Monday—for the purpose of showing to our county commissioners the sentiment of the people on the subject. It is an interesting fact that every man to whom the paper was presented gave it his signature except two—one of these was a Statesboro automobilist and the other was his brother who was in his company.

GEORGIA—BULLOCH COUNTY.

We, the undersigned citizens of Bulloch county, express our disapproval of the effort to construct an automobile highway through said county at the expense of the taxpayers. We favor good roads throughout the county for the use of everybody, but oppose the building of special roads for a favored few.

(Signed)

FRANK LESLIE BRANNEN DEAD

IN SAVANNAH.

(Savannah News, 22nd.)

Dr. Frank Leslie Brannen, a dentist, of Pooler, was found dead in his room at 422 Jones street, west, at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon by the proprietor of the rooming house who became alarmed at his failure to answer when called. The man had been dead several hours. Apoplexy was the cause of death.

Dr. Brannen came to Savannah on Thursday, and when he missed his train secured the room for the night. He was last seen about 7 p. m., when he left the house to go for supper. As he did not show up during the day the proprietor had him called. A failure to answer caused an investigation which showed he was dead.

About 4 o'clock the proprietor knocked on the door several times. At 4:30 o'clock when W. H. Capo, a friend of Dr. Brannen, arrived, it was decided to look into the room. Mr. Capo went to a window and looked in and found Dr. Brannen was dead. A patrolman was called and Mr. Capo, climbing through the transom, opened the door so the others could enter.

The police were notified and after investigating, Lieut. Harris and Detective Murphy called Coroner Goette who took the body in charge. The relatives of the man were notified, but they decided no autopsy or inquest was necessary, accepting the decision of Dr. A. W. Winters that apoplexy was the cause of death.

The remains have been prepared by Undertaker Albert Goette and will be taken to Statesboro for interment, that being the home of the deceased. Dr. Brannen was 28 years of age and was well known in Savannah. He had for six years worked as a blacksmith in the shops of the Central of Georgia railway. He left the shops to study dentistry and was a student with the class of 1909 of Atlanta Dental College.

Dr. Brannen is survived by a wife and two children, his father, Mr. W. W. Brannen, of Statesboro, his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Brannen, of Statesboro, one brother, Mr. Cecil Brannen, of Blanton, Fla., Mrs. Lila Snavely, of West Virginia, and Mrs. F. Howard Thompson, of Savannah.

GRAY NAMED COMMISSIONER

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For some time Governor Brown has had two Savannah men in view—A. B. Moore and Mr. Gray. It is understood that he offered the position to the latter two or three days ago and was only waiting to learn if he would accept. When he received assurance last night that he would, Governor Brown telephoned Secretary Ullm and informed him of his decision.

Joseph F. Gray, as stated, is a former railroad man and is said to have spent a number of years in the study of rates. After severing his connection with the Central he was with a small road which connects with the Central at Millen. He is now secretary of the chamber of commerce of Savannah, and in that capacity has devoted a good deal of attention to the subject of port rates. When the subject came up before the commission some months ago he appeared before that body and argued against their adoption. He contended that it was detrimental to the interests of Savannah and concurred for the purpose of aiding a few Atlanta shippers. He filed a written argument with the commission at that time.

Now that Mr. Gray has been appointed the threatened quo warranto proceedings by Mr. McLendon to retain his position may be expected at any moment. For months since his suspension from office by Gov. Hoke Smith, and after his formal dismissal by the legislature, he has spent several hours in the office of the railroad commission. Some weeks ago he made formal demand on the state treasurer for salary for the time since his suspension.

While refusing absolutely to discuss his future course in regard to the legal aspects of his case, it is known that he has employed Candler, Thompson & Hirsch to represent him. Judge John S. Candler is now en route to Atlanta from New York and will arrive in the city Sunday afternoon.

Mr. McLendon was communicated with by telephone last night but declined to make any statement. He had retired for the night and apparently had not heard of the appointment.

Had he remained on the commission Mr. McLendon's term as chairman would have expired August 26. A meeting will be held on that day and his successor elected. It now seems assured that Warner Hill will be elected to the vacancy. He is the senior member of commission and was at one time chairman.

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BOYS' CORN CONTEST FOR 1910

ANNOUNCEMENT OF FARMERS' CO-OPERATIVE DEMONSTRATION WORK.

Through the efforts of Ben S. Mooney, special agent of the Farmers' Co-operative Demonstration Work, the banks and business men of Statesboro, have subscribed a fund of fifty dollars as a prize for the boys of Bulloch county in the "Boys' Corn Contest for 1910." The fifty dollars will be divided in three prizes as follows:

First prize, \$25.00; second prize, \$15.00; third prize, \$10.00. Congressman Edwards offers a two-horse plow, and other valuable prizes will be given.

RULES.

1. Boys entering the contest must be residents of Bulloch county, and under 18 years of age.

2. Each contestant must cultivate at least one acre in corn under Demonstration methods.

3. Exhibits must be delivered to the President of the First Congressional District Agricultural College by October 22, 1910.

4. The amount of the yield and method of measurement must be certified by each boy and attested by at least two disinterested witnesses who shall be satisfactory to the president.

BASIS OF AWARD.

1. Greatest yield of corn per acre, 25 per cent.

2. Best half-bushel exhibit of corn in ear, 25 per cent.

3. Best book account showing history of crop and all expenses, 25 per cent.

4. Best showing of profit on investment, 25 per cent.

The greatest yield per acre is only one of the considerations.

About fifty of the best ears are to be brought to the Agricultural College on October 22, 1910. After awarding the prizes, some time will be devoted to seed selecting so that the boys will have the best seed for planting next year's crop. Experts from Agricultural Colleges and Departments and leading farmers will be invited to attend to this work.

Each boy will be expected to keep a neat and accurate book account showing the history and development of the crop as well as all the expenditures. This book should be written up from day to day and submitted to the judges along with the exhibit.

The important object is to see who can make the most profit upon intelligent and economical work. A uniform current price will be used in estimating the value of the yield. Uniform estimates will also be used for certain necessary expenses.

For instance \$5 per acre will be allowed as a basis for rent or interest; 10 cents per hour for the work of each boy; 5 cents per hour for each horse. Seed and supplies will also be estimated at the same rates for all boys.

All boys wishing to enter the contest will send their names, ages, and post office address to Ben S. Mooney, Statesboro, Ga.

For six years he was superintendent of the Millen and Southwestern railroad.

He then returned to the service of the Central of Georgia as freight claim agent, holding that position from July, 1902, to September, 1906. He was then made auditor of traffic, which position he held for nearly a year, becoming terminal agent for the Central of Georgia and Southwestern railways at Savannah.

While holding the position of freight claim agent of the Central, Mr. Gray was elected second vice president of the national freight claim association and later became first vice president. While holding this office he was instrumental in bringing the national convention to Savannah.

OUR GRASS GROWING CONTEST

CHAMPIONSHIP IS HELD BY JOSHUA EVERETT, EXCELSIOR.

A short time ago the TIMES mentioned the receipt of a specimen of crab grass measuring 5 feet 2 inches from Mr. R. F. Lester.

Now comes Mr. Joshua Everett, with a specimen from his farm even 7 feet long, "just to show what the soil around Excelsior will do."

This new comer was shown to Mr. Lester, and he gracefully yields the championship for length to his brother-in-law, but he offers to bet on the quantity of his grass. This latter proposition puts the TIMES "in a hole," for we had stated as modestly as we could in excuse for Mr. Lester that the specimen he brought us was a stray sprig found in his cotton field, and that he really had very little grass of any kind on his farm.

Mr. Everett doesn't state whether his everet is from his cotton patch or his hay field, and in the absence of knowledge as to whether he desires to boast of the quantity as well as the quality of his grass, we will simply say that hay is a mighty fine thing for stock, and is the only crop we have ever been able to raise successfully in our garden.

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BULLOCH TIMES

ESTABLISHED 1892.
Published Weekly By The
BULLOCH TIMES PUBLISHING CO.
D. B. TURNER, Editor and Manager.
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WEDNESDAY, AUG. 25, 1909.

Fewer Acres, More Cotton.

(Savannah Press.)

There has just been issued by the State College of Agriculture a bulletin on "Cotton Breeding for Farmers," which is of the greatest practical value and inspiration to the farmers of the state.

The bulletin bears the name of Prof. R. J. H. DeLoach, professor of cotton industry, on its title page, and it is arranged with a careful taste for terse statement and typographical neatness. Ten half-tone engravings and line cuts add greatly to the effectiveness of the whole.

The purpose of the bulletin is briefly stated in the following words: "The object of this bulletin will not necessarily be to teach the farmers how to raise more cotton than they now raise, for they raise about as much as the markets demand. But it is designed to show how a great deal more may be raised on fewer acres and at less cost if we follow some definite plan of improvement."

In a brief but comprehensive treatment Prof. DeLoach discusses the different varieties of cotton and the points to be considered in the selection of a satisfactory variety. The simplicity of the statement and the practical method of treatment makes the bulletin one of the greatest value to every farmer.

Prof. DeLoach is a native of Statesboro and is one of the leading cotton experts in the south. Prior to his acceptance of the chair of cotton industry at the State Agricultural College he was at the head of the Department of Botany at the Georgia Experiment Station, at Experiment.

Governor Brown's Gourd.

The story of Governor Brown's gourd, which hangs by the water cooler at the state capital, has been circulated far and wide. His admirers have been quick to parade it as an evidence of the simplicity of their hero. Those who were not his admirers have been in the gourd at attempt to play politics to the great army of gourd users in Georgia. The fact that his friends thought the incident worth exploiting was evidence to his critics that there was politics in the matter.

Now, the TIMES is among those who are not easily pleased with anything Mr. Brown may desire to do toward playing politics, and it saw in the gourd an act of demagoguery. Mr. Brown had been in public life and at the state capital many years as a railroad commissioner, and it was not recorded that he had ever shown a fondness for gourds or jeans breeches before his inauguration as governor. Therefore we felt justified in entering a criticism of what appeared to be an act of demagoguery.

A recent explanation of the origin of the gourd at the water cooler seems to dissipate the charge of politics, and it is herewith given in the language of the Macon Telegraph:

"When Governor Brown was inaugurated a friend of his from Cherokee county came from the mountains down to Atlanta to see him invested with the authority of Georgia's chief magistrate. Cherokee was the old home of the Browns. From thence the elder Joe Brown was called back in the middle of the last century to the governor's office. The friend to the younger Joe Brown brought with him a drinking gourd, and presented it to the new governor. A gourd is a simple thing, and the act was a simple act of genuine friendship. Of course, the governor did not toss the gourd out of the window, nor did he tuck it under the desk. It was a shapely gourd, and no sweeter drinking vessel was ever made. The governor, or one of his clerks, or perhaps the janitor, hung the gourd by the water cooler. That was all there was to it, except the dispatches which followed from Atlanta to the Northern news-

papers, and the volumes of comment thereon." The story of the gourd was published without explanation. Naturally, we thought the governor was pandering to the prejudice of men who used only gourds. Many of them are as good and as intelligent as men who never saw a gourd, but it would have been a pretty poor sort of a governor who would have sought popularity through the kind of vessel he drank from.

Did They Line Up?

Brother Pendleton of the Macon Telegraph is the last man in Georgia we would have suspected of hallooing "call-ropes" concerning the new administration, but when you read his appeal to the members of the legislature and the citizens of Georgia generally, as contained in his paper on the 4th of this month, to fall in line and back up the present administration, it is purely and genuinely a case of "call-ropes."

His governor who rode into office on the platform of "prosperity," according to the views of Brother Pendleton, is now facing a state of bankruptcy in so far as the affairs of the state are concerned. Where, oh, where, is your much talked of and promised prosperity, Brother Pendleton?

He says that it has always been the rule in Georgia for the people to line up with the new administration, and give him an undivided support, irrespective of past political affiliations, and the only remark we have to make in regard to this last statement of Brother Pendleton is to ask how he and the Macon Telegraph stood by Hoke Smith during his administration? The back issues of that paper will answer this question.—Coffee County News.

NOTICE

Patrons of Statesboro Institute.

Admission cards for the fall term of the Statesboro Institute will be issued on Monday and Tuesday, August 30 and 31. Please call on these days as cards will not be issued on the morning of the opening, Sept. 1st.

All pupils residing in the city of Statesboro, between the ages of Six and Eighteen, will be admitted for the fall term, ending Dec. 21, at the following rates:
First, Second, Third and Fourth grades, \$1.00
Fifth, Sixth and Seventh grades, \$2.00.
Eighth, Ninth and Tenth grades, \$3.50.

Pupils residing in the city who are not of school age will be admitted at the country rate. No admission cards will be issued for the first grade after the first two weeks of term; this is applicable to the entire term.

Country and out-of-town pupils will be admitted at the following rates:
First, Second, Third and Fourth grades, \$1.25 per month.
Fifth, Sixth and Seventh grades, \$1.75 per month.
Eighth, Ninth and Tenth grades, \$2.50 per month.
All tuition payable in advance.

GLENN BLAND, Secretary.

S. E. Johnson a Bankrupt.

Sumpter E. Johnson, of Pulaski, has made application for adjudication in bankruptcy, the first hearing of his creditors to be held in Savannah Sept. 3rd. His liabilities are given at \$884.57, with no assets. He gives his occupation as that of a manager of a gin and farm laborer.

Mowing machines, harvesting machines, reapers, binders and repair parts. J. D. Strickland, Stillson, Ga.

Attention, Confederate Veterans. You are hereby ordered to meet at Statesboro on the first Wednesday in September, with one day's rations, to elect delegates to the state reunion which will meet at Athens, Ga., on the 28 and 29 days of September next.

By order of J. S. HAGIN, Commander.

JACOB ROCKER, Adj't.

A Hair Dressing

If you wish a high-class hair dressing, we are sure Ayer's Hair Vigor, new improved formula, will greatly please you. It keeps the hair soft and smooth, makes it look rich and luxuriant, prevents splitting at the ends. And it keeps the scalp free from dandruff.

At the same time the new Ayer's Hair Vigor is a strong hair tonic, promoting the growth of the hair, keeping all the issues of the hair and scalp in a healthy condition. The hair stops falling, dandruff disappears. A splendid dressing.

BABYLON THE GREAT IS FALLEN

(Rev. 18:2, No. 1.)

(1.) We are informed, Rev. 13, that one of the seven heads was wounded to death. This head therefore cannot be a literal mountain, for it would be folly to speak of wounding a mountain to death.

(2.) Each of the seven heads has a crown upon it. But who ever saw a literal mountain with a crown upon it?

(3.) The seven heads are evidently successive in order of time; for we read, "five are fallen, and one is, and the other is not yet come." But the seven hills upon which Rome is built are not successive, and it would be absurd to apply such language to them.

(4.) According to Dan. 7:6, compared with Dan. 8:8-22, heads denote governments; and according to Dan. 2:35-44; Jer. 51:25, mountains denote kingdoms. According to 17:9-10 by translation rendered "The seven heads are seven mountains on which the woman sitteth, and they are seven kings." Thus we understand the angel representing the heads as mountains, impressing the idea of seven successive generations. The meaning is transferred from one symbol to another, and then an explanation given of the second symbol.

From the foregoing it follows that the woman cannot represent a literal city, for the mountains on which the woman sitteth being symbolic, a literal city cannot sit upon symbolic mountains. Again Rome was the seat of the dragon of chap. 12 and this was transferred to the beast (Rev. 13:2), thus becoming the seat of the beast; but it would be a singular mixing of figures to take the seat which is sat upon by the beast, and make that a woman sitting upon the beast.

(5.) Were the city of Rome the Babylon of the Apocalypse, what nonsense we should have in chap. 18:1-4; for in this case the fall of Babylon would be the overthrow and destruction of the city, in fact, its utter consumption by fire, according to verse 8. But mark what takes place after the fall, Babylon becomes the habitation of devils, the hold of every foul spirit, and a cage of every unclean and hateful bird. How can this happen to a city after that city is destroyed, even being utterly burned with fire? But worse still after all this a voice is heard, saying "come out of her, my people." Are God's people in Rome? Not to any great extent, even in her best estate. But how many can we suppose to be there, to be called out, after the city is burned with fire? It is not necessary to say more to show that Babylon cannot be the city of Rome. Babylon signifies the universal worldly church.

Having seen that it cannot be any one of the only three possible objects to which it could be applied, it must mean this. But we are not left to this a priori kind of reasoning on this subject.

Babylon is called a woman. A woman, used as a symbol, signifies a church. The woman of chap. 12 was interpreted to mean a church.

The woman of chap. 17 should be interpreted as signifying also a church. The character of the

woman determines the character of the church represented, a chaste woman standing for a pure church, a vile woman for an impure or apostate church.

The woman Babylon is herself a harlot, and the mother of daughters like herself. This circumstance, as well as the name itself shows that Babylon is not limited to any single ecclesiastical body, but must be composed of many. It must take in all of a like nature, and represent the entire corrupt or apostate church of the earth. This will perhaps explain the language of Rev. 18:25, which represents that when God makes requisition of great Babylon for the blood of His martyrs, in her will be found "the blood of prophets, and of saints, and of all, that have been slain upon the earth." The Greek church is the established church of Russia and Greece; the Lutheran church is the established church of Prussia, Holland, Sweden, Norway, and a part of the smaller German states; England has Episcopacy for her state religion, and other countries have their established religions and zealously oppose dissenters. Babylon has made all nations drunken with the wine of her fornication, that is, her false doctrines; it can therefore symbolize nothing less than the universal worldly church.

P. S.—This will be continued in paragraphs, as space can be allowed; consequently, to get the full benefit of the subject, you will have to keep and make the connections in the issues containing it.

J. HOWARD.

JUDGE LOST HIS MIND.

Wandered Back to Surroundings of 18 Years Before.

KENOSHA, Wis., Aug. 13.—Joseph B. Clarkson, formerly a judge of this city, who has disappeared from home twice within the last eighteen years, and whose last mysterious absence ended when he was recently found working as a mechanic in a button factory at Sabula, Iowa, has returned to Kenosha and is under the care of physicians. Judge Clarkson disappeared on July 14, and the story of his wanderings rivals the creation of a story writer, for on his second trip he went back to the same town where, eighteen years before, he worked as a farm hand, while suffering from the same sort of delusions. That Judge Clarkson's mind slipped back through all those eighteen years, and that he remembered, for a time, only the things he knew when, as "Mr. Doolittle," he worked near Sabula, is the belief of those who have come in contact with him.

Judge Clarkson appeared at Sabula on July 26 stained with travel, disheveled, and hungry. Old residents recognized the "Mr. Doolittle" of eighteen years ago. Judge Clarkson went to the house of L. A. Haynes and asked for work. Haynes remembered that the same man had worked for him long before.

A few days after this Haynes saw Judge Clarkson's picture in the Chicago newspapers and recognized him as "Mr. Doolittle," the man who had asked him for work. He wrote to the judge's family at Kenosha and friends started for Sabula.

When they reached the Iowa town they were informed that the man they sought was working in a button factory. They sought out the judge's machine at the factory. He looked up, recognized his friends, and, turning, made a speech to the workmen. Then he took the tools he had used as a workman, collected the \$2 due him and left for Kenosha.

Williams Gives \$25,000 to Emory. ATLANTA, Aug. 23.—J. P. Williams of Savannah, who is residing temporarily in Atlanta, today announced a donation of \$25,000 to the endowment fund for Emory College at Oxford, Ga. This brings the new fund, which is ultimately to be \$300,000, up to \$216,000, all of which has been subscribed by the friends and graduates of the institution.

This is Mr. Williams' first contribution to the endowment fund, but he has made his total contributions to Emory up to \$55,000.

BURNS & COMPANY

Glance over this Bargain List and fire us an order for Today's Dinner.

Fancy Country Eggs.....	20c	Good Jelly.....	5 and 10c
Fancy Salt Meat.....	15c	Good Jams.....	10c, 15c and 25c
Fancy Lemons.....	20c	Lump Starch.....	5c
Good Brooms.....	35 and 50c	17 lbs. Granulated Sugar.....	1.00
16 oz. pkg. Evap. Apples.....	10c		
Fancy Whole Rice, 15 lbs.....	\$1.00		
Meal and Grits, per peck.....	30c		
Diadem Flour.....	1.00		
Fancy Fat Mackerel.....	10c		
Fine Tea for iceing.....	50c		
Fine Coffee.....	15c, 2 for 25c		
Fine Coffee, Arbuckle's.....	20c		
Jackson Square Coffee.....	20c		

BURNS & COMPANY

First District Agricultural and Mechanical School

Statesboro, Georgia

Excellent High School Course with unexcelled literary advantages. Large and efficient faculty. Agricultural and Mechanical training for boys. Training in Cooking, Sewing and House-keeping for girls. Large dormitory with all modern conveniences, for girls, with matron in charge. Boys' dormitory under strict regulations, also with modern conveniences. Board \$8 per school month of four weeks.

TUITION FREE

Fall term opens Wednesday, September 1st, 1909. Write for catalogue and further information.

J. WALTER HENDRICKS, Principal, Statesboro, Georgia.

Savannah and Statesboro Railway.

WEST BOUND.				Central Standard Time.				EAST BOUND.			
87 1/2	3 *	5 1/2	8 1/2					88 *	4 *	6 1/2	
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.					A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
6:00	7:45	3:45	3:00	Lv. Savannah.....	Ar.	9:45	9:45	9:45	6:10	7:15	6:10
6:45	7:45	3:45	3:45	.....Cuyler.....		9:00	9:00	9:00	6:10	7:15	6:10
6:59	8:08	3:59	3:59	.....Blitchton.....		9:46	9:46	9:46	5:43	6:56	5:43
7:03	8:16	4:03	4:03	.....Ellora.....		9:47	9:47	9:47	5:34	6:50	5:34
7:07	8:24	4:07	4:07	.....Olney.....		9:48	9:48	9:48	5:24	6:44	5:24
7:10	8:35	4:10	4:10	.....Ivanhoe.....		9:49	9:49	9:49	5:19	6:39	5:19
7:16	8:40	4:16	4:16	.....Hubert.....		9:50	9:50	9:50	5:09	6:34	5:09
7:23	8:57	4:23	4:23	.....Silton.....		9:52	9:52	9:52	4:54	6:19	4:54
7:31	9:10	4:31	4:31	.....Arcola.....		9:54	9:54	9:54	4:41	6:04	4:41
7:35	9:18	4:35	4:35	.....Shawwood.....		9:56	9:56	9:56	4:31	5:54	4:31
7:43	9:30	4:43	4:43	.....Brooklet.....		9:58	9:58	9:58	4:22	5:44	4:22
7:52	9:40	4:52	4:52	.....Pretoria.....		10:00	10:00	10:00	4:13	5:35	4:13
8:00	10:15	5:00	5:00	.....Statesboro.....	Ar.	10:02	10:02	10:02	4:04	5:26	4:04

Daily, 1 Sunday only. 1 Monday only. D. N. BACOT, Superintendent.

W. B. MOORE, Auditor.

GREEN ICE CO.

Statesboro, Ga.

Now in operation and is in position to make prompt shipment of ice in carloads or less.

We solicit the patronage of the public generally.

Central of Georgia Railway Company

Current Schedule, Effective May 31st, 1909

East bound train No. 14, for Dover, leave 8:10 a.m. daily except Sunday
East bound train No. 12, for Dover, leave 3:15 p.m. daily except Sunday
East bound train No. 90, from Brewton, arrive 2:30 p.m. Tue., Th., Sat.
East bound train No. 56, Tybee Special Sunday only, leave 7:53 a.m.
West bound train No. 11, from Dover, arrive 9:45 a.m. daily except Sun.
West bound train No. 13, from Dover, arrive 4:54 p.m. daily except Sun.
West bound train No. 89, from Dover, depart 10:00 a.m. Mon., Wed., Fri.
West bound train No. 35, Tybee Special Sunday only, arrive 8:55 p.m.

FOR FURNITURE

of all kinds and all interior woodwork
Just Use CAMPBELL'S
The Original
VARNISH STAIN
Good for floors too

A. J. FRANKLIN, Statesboro, Ga.

IN THE LOCAL FIELD

Little Events Happening in City and County Briefly Related.

Dr. R. L. Durrence has returned from a month's visit to St. Andrews, Fla.

Miss Cora Wilcox, of McKee, is the guest of Mrs. John Wilcox for a few days.

Mrs. W. C. Parker is visiting Mrs. J. C. White, in Atlanta, for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Tintley are spending ten days at Asheville, N. C., for their health.

Miss Caddie Lee, of Savannah, is visiting her cousins, Misses Edna and Maud Brannen.

Miss Bessie McCoy has returned from a very pleasant visit with friends in Sylvania.

Miss Maud Brannen has returned from a visit of several weeks with friends in Savannah.

Mr. C. E. Cone is visiting in New York and Baltimore, making purchases for his fall trade.

Miss Oreta Woods, of Dublin, is the guest of her cousins, the Misses Woods, at the Brooks House.

5 or 6 doses "666" will cure any case of chill and fever. Price 25c.

Miss Ruby Williams has returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. DeRoy Dekle, at McKee.

Mrs. Dan Lester has returned from a six-weeks' visit with her parents at Rogersville, Tennessee.

Rev. P. W. Ellis will return during the week from his three-weeks' vacation in North Georgia.

Miss Joe Woods, of Oliver, is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. C. H. Parrish, on North Main street.

Prof. F. A. Brinson has returned to Bartow, after a week's visit with relatives here, and will open school there next Monday.

Messrs. B. A. Trapnell, Walter Kennedy and Charlie Olliff returned Monday from a two-weeks' outing to New York and Baltimore.

Go Fly keeps flies off horses and cattle, 25c and 50c, at all drug stores.

Miss Daisie Averitt, after a visit of several days with Miss Tinnie Grimes, left Monday for a visit to sister, Mrs. J. O. Strickland, in Mbroke.

Messrs. Homer Simmons and W. Mann, of the Simmons Co., returned from a two-weeks' visit to the markets of New York and Baltimore.

The Savannah and Statesboro railroad ran its last Tybee excursion yesterday, carrying several hundred excursionists from Statesboro and intermediate points.

Insure your mules and horses in the Indian and Ohio Live Stock Insurance Co., an old line company, level premiums. Death claims promptly paid. T. A. Braswell.

Mr. Frank Waters, a son of Mr. H. L. Waters, has recently been employed as teacher in the School of Commerce, a business college located at Cincinnati, O.

Rev. M. H. Massey and family returned last evening from a seven-weeks' visit in the mountains of North Georgia, including Turner, Clarksville and Blue Ridge.

Rev. J. C. Brewton, of the Union Baptist Institute, Mt. Vernon, preached Sunday at the Statesboro Baptist church, occupying the pulpit both morning and evening.

Dr. Adams' Baby Powder is a safe and sure remedy for all bowel troubles and teething sickness. Try it and be convinced. For sale at Lively's Drug Store.

J. R. ADAMS, Proprietor.

Mr. D. A. Bragg has resumed his position with D. Friedman's Bargain Store, where he will remain during the fall and winter months. His friends are invited to call on him.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Oliver will return today after an absence of several weeks. Mrs. Oliver has been spending the time at Gastonia, N. C., while her husband has been marketing in New York and Baltimore.

5 or 6 doses "666" will cure any case of chills and fever. Price 25c.

Prof. Culbreth closed his school at the Kingery school house, near Metter, last Saturday. The occasion was marked with a basket dinner which was attended by all the patrons and friends of the school.

Messrs. H. A. and W. A. Trapnell were a couple of very pleasant young gentlemen from Metter who favored the TIMES with a visit this morning. They are hustling farmers and are reaping the benefit of the present good prices of cotton.

We are prepared to make immediate loans on city property and improved farms at 6, 7 and 8 per cent, interest, on 5 to 10 years' time. Holland & Braswell.

A delightful musicale was given last evening at the home of Eld. Stubbs, at which a number of friends were entertained. Prof. Friedman, of Savannah, rendered a number of violin selections, with piano accompaniment by Mrs. F. A. Brinson.

Mrs. John Richardson, living in the Enal neighborhood, was brought to Statesboro yesterday for treatment at the sanitarium. She has been quite ill for ten weeks or longer, and it was thought best to bring her to the sanitarium for an operation. Dr. Stapleton is her attending physician, and came with her to Statesboro. She is a daughter of Mr. W. R. Waters.

INSTITUTE TO OPEN.

Fall Term Will Begin on Wednesday, Sept. 1st.

The fall term of the Statesboro Institute will begin next Wednesday, Sept. 1st. The outlook is bright for a most successful term.

Two additional rooms have been provided during vacation for the better accommodation of classes, and a large and competent faculty has been employed.

The principal, Prof. W. A. Mulloy, taught the past three years at Eastman, from where he comes highly recommended. Previous to that, he taught at Sylvania, where he gave eminent satisfaction.

Many members of the faculty for the ensuing term have previously taught here, and are well known.

Mikell-Horne.

At the residence of Mr. J. H. Brunson on Sunday morning, 22nd inst., Miss Cornelia Mikell and Mr. N. L. Horne were united in marriage by E. D. Holland, Esq. Only a few members of the immediate family were present.

Mr. Horne is an enterprising and well-to-do farmer of the Clito neighborhood, and his bride is the daughter of Mrs. Isabel Mikell, of the Eureka settlement. Congratulations are sincere.

Kitchens-Marsh.

On Sunday, 22nd inst., Mr. J. B. Kitchens and Miss Carrie Marsh were united in marriage at the home of Judge M. E. Cannon in the 1575 district, the judge performing the ceremony.

The ceremony was witnessed by only a few of the intimate friends of the contracting parties.

The bride is a daughter of the late M. B. Marsh, and is a very winsome young woman, while the groom is one of the rising young farmers of the Portland neighborhood.

IDEA WAS CONCEIVED DURING WASHINGTON'S TIME

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—When did the United States begin the practice of forestry? Few persons can answer this question correctly. Most people are of the opinion that the beginning of forestry in this country was of very recent origin, and that the first step in that direction was taken among the mountains of the far West. Neither fact is correct.

While Washington was serving his first term as president of the United States, a recommendation came to him that the government ought to live oak islands on the coast of Georgia to make sure of a supply of ship timber for war vessels. The idea appears to have originated with Joshua Humphreys, whose official title was "Constructor of the United States Navy," although about the only navy then existing was made up of six ships on paper, and not one stick of timber to build them had yet been cut. The vessels were designed to fight the North African pirates.

Five years after the recommendation was made congress appropriated money to buy live oak land. Grover and Blackbeard islands on the coast of Georgia were bought for \$22,500. They contained 10,500 acres.

Louisiana was bought soon after, and in 1817 the Six Islands, of 19,000 acres, and containing 37,000 live oak trees were withdrawn from sale, and set apart as a reserve. In 1825 congress appropriated \$100,000 to buy additional live oak land on Santa Rosa Sound, western Florida, and subsequently other Florida timberlands, aggregating 208,224 acres, were reserved.

Up to that time nothing more had been done than to buy or reserve land for the timber growing naturally upon it; but the work was to be carried further upon the Santa Rosa purchase. The plan included planting, protecting, cultivating, and cutting live oaks for the navy. That timber was then considered indispensable in building war vessels. Much had been said and written of the danger of exhaustion of supply. Settlers destroyed the timber to clear land, and European nations were buying quantities for their navies. In response to repeated warnings the government took steps to grow timber for its own use.

Young oaks were planted on the Santa Rosa Islands. Difficulty was experienced in inducing young trees to grow. The successful transplanting of the oak is not easy, unless done at the proper time and in the right way. The plantations at Santa Rosa were generally unsuccessful; but large quantities of acorns were planted, and a fair proportion of them grew. But the chief efforts were directed to pruning, training and caring for the wild trees. Thickets about them were cut away to let in air and light.

What the ultimate success of the forestry work would have been can not be told. The civil war brought about a complete change in war vessels by substituting iron for wood. Forestry work stopped. Squatters occupied the land. After a number of years all the reserves except some of the Florida land, were open to settlement.

Proved an Allie.
This happened at a certain boarding house, one of those where a few refined gentlemen may share an elegant home.
The girl with the dun locks brought in the soup. When she came to Jenkins he noticed a long string of substance entirely foreign to the soup itself. It was a hair. In the dim light it looked as if it might have been from the dun head of the waitress.

Jenkins called her attention to this, remarking that the best culinary authorities are agreed that a strip of cranial capillary substance is not essential to the success of a plate of consommé or other liquid nourishment.
She didn't follow him fully, but when she saw him holding up the morsel of a yard or more of hair, she suddenly spoke up in her own defense.
"That ain't mine!" she declared in an aggrieved tone. "It couldn't be mine. Why, I ain't even touched my hair since yesterday!"—New York Press.

FARMERS' UNION LECTURER

Will Address Locals of Bulloch County During Month of Sept.

The Bulloch County Union No. 103, realizing the need of an educational campaign throughout the county in behalf of the union, have employed Rev. S. J. Cowan, of Emanuel county, to lecture in the county during the month of September. The list of places at which he will speak is given below, and all union men are urged to turn out and hear him, and those who are not members of the union are most cordially invited to do likewise. He is prepared to discuss unionism before the people in such a way that they will be able to appreciate its real worth and significance.

Let all the faithful rally to the standard and encourage others to do so. The appointments are as follows:
Wednesday, Sept. 1, Aaron, 1320 district.
Thursday, Sept. 2, Olliff Bay school house, 46 district.

Friday, Sept. 3, Middle Ground school, 1573 district.
Saturday, Sept. 4, Eureka Academy, 48 district.

Monday, Sept. 7, Oak Grove school house, 48 district.
Tuesday, Sept. 7, Knight school house, 1573 district.

Wednesday, Sept. 8, Hubert, 47 district.
Thursday, Sept. 9, Stilson, 47 district.

Friday, Sept. 10, Brannen Institute, 1547 district.
Saturday, Sept. 11, Brooklet Academy, 1523 district.

Monday, Sept. 13, Donaldson school house, 1340 district.
Tuesday, Sept. 14, Glenn Hill school house, 1340 district.

Wednesday, Sept. 15, DeLoach school house, 44 district.
Thursday, Sept. 16, New Castle school house, 44 district.

Friday, Sept. 17, Union school house, 44 district.
Saturday, Sept. 18, Register, 45 district.

Monday, Sept. 20, Excelsior, 45 district.
Tuesday, Sept. 21, Metter, 45 district.

Wednesday, Sept. 22, Kingery school house, 1320 district.
Thursday, Sept. 23, Portal, 1320 district.

Friday, Sept. 24, Akin school house, 1209 district.
Saturday, Sept. 25, Jimps Academy, 1209 district.

Monday, Sept. 27, Emit Academy, 1547 district.
Tuesday, Sept. 28, Pretoria school house, 1203 district.

Wednesday, Sept. 29, Callie school house, 48 district.
Thursday, Sept. 30, grand central rally at the Agricultural School, 1209 district.

Speaking at 11 o'clock a. m. unless otherwise ordered by the communities themselves. Dinner on the grounds if acceptable to the people of the various localities.
W. W. MIKELL,
J. B. KITCHENS,
J. WALTER HENDRICKS,
Committee.

The Queerest Salad.
A gourmet as he mixed a salad of chicory said: "The world's queerest salad, and possibly the most delicious one, is eaten by the Indians of northwest Greenland. It is a salad of undigested moss from the stomach of a fresh killed reindeer, a bitter, sharp, stimulating salad, as good for the digestion as an electrical massage. The Indians live almost exclusively on fish; hence salads are a favorite dish with them. But no salad in their minds compares with that which they wear from the slaughtered reindeer. They say this salad is superior to tender and more appetizing than any other, and they say it wards off indigestion. They fight for it, they spend their last penny on it, quite as the Indians do with greenware."—Exchange.

He Spoke Carelessly.
Suburban Patient—"Doctor, bring you all the way out here, doctor. Doctor—Oh, don't worry about that; I can see another patient and kill two birds with one stone."

Rumors.
"Rumor bath a thousand tongues," quoted the wise guy.
"Yes, and they are generally all going at once," added the simple muz-Philadelphian Record.

If fortune play the false today, tomorrow she'll be true.—Benjamin.

A FAMILY OVER 600 YEARS OLD

Eight Brothers and Sisters Bear Remarkable Record.

There are living in Bulloch county eight brothers and sisters whose combined ages aggregate more than 600 years. They are the DeLoaches, who are among the most widely known families of Georgia.

Taken in their regular order, the living members of the family are: Mrs. Irving Rogers, aged 88. J. Hoyt DeLoach, aged 86. Bill H. DeLoach, aged 82. Mrs. Wm. Williams, aged 75. Mrs. Allen Mikel, aged 70. Mrs. J. W. Roach, aged 68. R. W. DeLoach, aged 66. Z. T. DeLoach, aged 64.

These ages added equal 599, but when we allow for the fractions of years to which each is entitled, we find a total in excess of 600 years.

The father of this family was John ("Jackie") DeLoach, who was born in Bulloch county in the year 1796, and who lived here all his life. There were in all thirteen children, all of whom reached the age of manhood and womanhood. Two brothers were killed in the Confederate army, and one other, J. C. DeLoach, formerly tax collector of Bulloch county, died six years ago, above 70 years of age.

BROOKLET MATTERS IN BRIEF

INCIDENTS OF A WEEK RELATED BRIEFLY FOR TIMES READERS.

The work on the cotton warehouse is progressing rapidly.

Mr. P. B. Lewis returned Friday from a vacation in North Georgia. Mrs. L. R. Walter of Sandersville, is the guest of Mrs. W. A. Brooks.

Rev. W. A. Brooks is assisting Rev. C. W. Snow in a revival at Egypt this week.

Miss Minnie Lee will leave this week to assume her position in Pinehurst Institute next Monday.

Mr. A. D. Dutton moves to Halcynonde this week. Brooklet regrets to lose this excellent citizen.

Mr. J. W. Robertson is visiting relatives in North Carolina, having joined Mrs. Robertson there last week.

Mr. J. N. Searouse and Miss Effie and Master Fred returned Saturday from Jacksonville and other Florida points.

Messrs. A. J. Lee and W. R. Howell attended the third quarterly conference of the Brooklet charge which convened at Hubert last Saturday. All reports, financial and otherwise, made at this session of the conference were the best that have been made this year from the Brooklet circuit.

Cabbage Plants.
By way of explanation, I wish to notify my friends and former customers that I will be in the market the approaching season with all varieties of cabbage plants heretofore carried by me, in unlimited quantities and at prices to suit.
J. B. ILLIS.

Wanted.
Small, well-improved place of fifty or seventy-five acres in 4 miles or less of town. P. O. Box No. 262.

In Ordinary's Court.
B. Everett has applied for dismission from the guardianship of Bertha Green. M. M. Holland has applied for leave to sell the lands of Josiah Holland, deceased. Fred T. Lanier has applied for leave to sell the lands of Remer U. Brannen, deceased.

All these matters will be heard in the ordinary's court on Monday, September, 26th.

DEVOE PAINT

takes less gallons and wears longer

Ready to figure? Cost by the gallon—that's one way. The number of gallons—that's another. It calls for Devoe every time. It costs less because it takes less gallons. 153 years of honest paint making back of every gallon you spread.

A. J. Franklin, Statesboro, Ga.

He Spoke Carelessly. Suburban Patient—"Doctor, bring you all the way out here, doctor. Doctor—Oh, don't worry about that; I can see another patient and kill two birds with one stone."

Rumors. "Rumor bath a thousand tongues," quoted the wise guy. "Yes, and they are generally all going at once," added the simple muz-Philadelphian Record.

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HUB SHOES

For Comfort and Foot-Ease

HUB Shoes are built for gentlemen, gentlemen, boys and girls.

Each pair is sent from our factory with a mission to perform, and a service to render. Every pair of HUB Shoes is guaranteed solid leather. They wear well, and give solid comfort.

The live Merchant in your town handles HUB Shoes—ask him to show you

HELEN HUNT \$2.50
DRESS SHOE built for Service
QUEEN ROSALIND \$3.00
An Elegant, Flexible, Dressy Shoe.

RIGHT ROYAL \$3.50
A Royal Shoe—Tried and True.
CHARACTER \$5.00
Best Made—the Triumph of Skill.

For Children: Any HUB Brand Shoe For Children

For every end of a HUB Shoe Box—of the above-named styles you send us—we will send you A USEFUL SOUVENIR FREE.

JOS. ROSENHEIM SHOE CO.
SAVANNAH, GA.

Sheriff's Sales.

The following property will be offered for sale at public outcry by the sheriff of Bulloch county on Tuesday, September, 7: Tract of land (50 acres) in 4th district, bounded by lands of "Dale" Finch, J. E. Mixon and B. J. Finch; the property of B. J. Finch; levy in favor of J. S. Mixon. One tract (104 acres) in the 4th district, bounded by lands of S. H. Franklin, H. C. Brown, J. N. Thomas and others; levied upon as the property of Mrs. Mollie Dixon; levy in favor of Savannah Guaranty Co.

One lot containing one-half acre in the town of Metter, with 7-room residence and other improvements; the property of Mrs. L. J. McLean; levy in favor of the First National Bank of Statesboro.

Stock of merchandise located at the S. M. Carter place five miles north of the town of Chaston; the property of Glenn Hall; levy in favor of J. C. Slater. One mouse colored mule, six head of cattle, one 4-horse wagon, and one one buggy; the property of J. D. Hendrix; levy in favor of W. L. Street and The Simmons Co.

One mouse colored mare mule; property of James Bird; levy in favor of J. W. Olliff Co.

All these matters will be heard in the ordinary's court on Monday, September, 26th.

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Jones Furniture Co.
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New York.
Philadelphia.
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For all of the above points, and many others, the

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affords most convenient schedules ever offered.

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A. G. P. A., T. P. A.,
Atlanta, Georgia
Nacoochee, Ga.

BULLOCH TIMES.

Established 1892—Incorporated 1905

Statesboro, Ga., Wednesday, Sept. 1, 1909

\$1 Per Year—Vol. XVIII, No. 24

We Make It Easy

for you to possess a bank account. You can open an account here with One Dollar—you can add to it as often as you wish in any amount you desire.

We are anxious to do our part and would urge you to avail yourself of the advantages and facilities we place at the disposal of patrons.

Your business is welcome here.

Sea Island Bank

J. T. BRANNEN, President
R. F. DONALDSON, Cashier

FARMERS MUST MAKE FIGHT

ORGANIZATION IN THEIR OWN INTEREST IS THEIR ONLY HOPE.

JULIETTE, Ga., August 27.—Notwithstanding the fact that they were seriously handicapped during the past season in meeting their financial obligations, and in the realization of that prosperity that is rightfully theirs, by the distressingly low price of cotton, yet the farmers of the South can easily overcome these grave difficulties by a more marked adherence to the principles of their different organizations in the future than in the past.

The fact has been demonstrated that the thing for the Southern farmer to do in order to obtain a legitimate price for his cotton is to bring himself to the point where he can hold it just as long as he wants to, but before this can be done it is absolutely necessary that he raise his food products at home.

This is the main thing to do in order to make Southern agricultural conditions assume a more satisfactory aspect. Let the Southern farmer immediately resort to the wisdom and advisability of raising his own food supplies instead of depending for them upon the Western farmers and a wonderful change will be brought about in the agricultural situation down South.

In fact such a wonderful change in the cotton market will nearly always present a bullish aspect, because the control of the price of the fleecy staple will have been wrested from the grasp of the Wall street manipulators and placed in the control of the Southern farmers. Then there will be no repetition of the very unsatisfactory and deplorable conditions that existed to such a striking extent last fall, tremendously handicapping the farmers in cancelling their pecuniary obligations. No farmer will have to be carried over for another year, but debts will be paid promptly, and farmers, bankers, merchants and all others interested will enjoy the splendid prosperity that is the inevitable result of the farmer being his own boss.

Many a farmer joins the union, obtaining satisfactory results from their farming operations. They don't seem to realize that unless they carry out their obligations as representatives of that organization, they will never come into possession of the manifold blessings and benefits that must inevitably result from a full discharge of the duties and obligations that rest upon them as members of that organization. Unless they remain steadfast in their loyalty to the principles of the Union, every fall they will be confronted by the

awful realization that necessity forces them to surrender to the cotton manipulators of Wall street in order to meet their commercial obligations with the bankers and merchants and others with whom they have dealings. This surrender means low prices for their cotton and the consequent disaster attendant upon it. The agricultural mirror in the South reflects a very sad state of affairs, indeed. It reflects the heart-rending spectacle of thousands upon thousands of farmers bowing down to the professional gamblers of Wall street, suffering the terrible and almost unbearable humiliation and mortification of having others dictate the price of the product that they have raised by the sweat of their brows. It reflects the sad picture of the farmers having to mortgage their homes and plantations in order to alleviate the terrible condition of low priced cotton. It shows the aristocratic gentlemen of Wall street growing rich off the labors of the Southern farmers, buying their cotton at their own prices and then coining millions of the silver wheels by gambling and speculating with the fleecy staple. It reflects the sad picture of the Southern tillers of the soil losing millions and millions of dollars annually because of the dictation of the price of cotton by the professional gamblers that dwell in Wall street, and it reflects thousands of other equally as bad and humiliating pictures.

By a little more progressiveness and energy on the part of Southern farmers their mirror could be made to reflect vastly different pictures. It would reflect the noble, commanding spectacle of thousands upon thousands of the sturdy and most progressive farmers on the face of the globe developing and utilizing the wonderful agricultural possibilities of the South to such an extent as would enable them to enjoy prosperity, contentment and independence to quite an eminent degree, raising their own food supplies and not making a specialty of cotton and consequently living in complete and glorious independence of the Wall street mercenary, enthusiastically and profressively promoting the principles of their various organizations, developing among themselves the highest ideals of civilization and Christianity and thus making the beautiful Southland the richest and most prosperous and the most enlightened section of the globe.

Albert Smith Gone Again.
Albert Smith, the 16-year-old boy who was reported to have mysteriously disappeared from my home in July, 1908, and who was later found sound and well, has disappeared again. Somebody lied on me last year about this matter, and the same person may now be able to tell where Albert is.

J. K. WHITAKER.

MARRIED MEN MUST SHAVE
Failure to Do So Is Ground for Divorce.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—Judge Goff decided yesterday in the supreme court that a soiled collar and a frayed face are sufficient grounds for separation proceedings. Married men who have been in the habit of wearing mourning bands on their linen, and permitting their chins to unravel will have to spruce up if they wish to sidestep the matrimonial remnant counter.

That rocking motion of the earth

BLAND A MECHANICAL GENIUS.

CONSTRUCTED MINIATURE ENGINE IN HIS OWN WORKSHOP.

Accompanying a picture of Charlie Bland engaged in his work shop, the Sunday Constitution publishes the following from their local correspondent, Mr. J. S. Kennan:

Statesboro, Ga., August 28.—That Charles Bland, the 18-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Mike Bland, residents of this county living a few miles from Statesboro, is a genius, is evident from the fact that he has built an engine on his father's farm. He had never seen an engine when he went about the task of working out his ideas. Several years ago his father noticed that he had a natural turn for machinery and purchased him a few tools with which he "inkered" about the farm of his father.

When the First district agricultural school opened young Bland was entered as a student. He has been a student in the school from time to time since the institution opened, and while taking his mechanical training in the shops of the school, he conceived the idea of his steam engine. When once the idea had fixed itself he began an opportunity might offer to collect materials and store them until such time as he might be able to begin work. He soon saw that he could not possibly carry out his inventions unless he had a shop of his own, and he appealed to his father to furnish him with tools that were absolutely necessary for a good farmblacksmith shop, and father readily assented. Then the boy began in earnest to work out his idea, but only a few minutes, perhaps a few minutes each day and sometimes not being able to touch it for a week. When his own shop equipment proved inadequate he was allowed to go to the shop at the school and work.

In this way he continued until a few days ago the Constitution reporter, the principal of the school and a few friends were invited out to see the engine in operation. It should be stated that he has never had anything to do with any engine save his own, and that his engine seems to have entirely new features about it. For instance, by a simple change in one of the cranks he is able to run it backwards the same as forward. Another feature of his invention is the use of the same steam twice, and the result is an engine entirely different from the engine now in common use.

It is a double-cylinder arrangement, one of which is made out of an old bicycle pump. The boiler is an old cap off of an engine; every other piece in the construction was made by the young man himself. This boy is 18 years old and in the seventh grade. With the training he has had during the few months he attended the agricultural school he is able to go into his own shop and not only make an engine during his spare moments, but he can do and does do all the blacksmithing on his father's plantation. The claim that the schools are not giving the kind of education and training intended is certainly not true of the First district school.

MARRIED MEN MUST SHAVE
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That rocking motion of the earth

PASTOR RECEIVES BROKEN RIB

HAD ENCOUNTER WITH MANIAC AT TURNERVILLE.

Rev. P. W. Ellis, pastor of Statesboro Methodist church, returned from his summer vacation last Friday afternoon with a broken rib and numerous minor bruises as a result of an encounter with a mad man while away.

While Rev. Ellis was at Turner-ville the sheriff of Habersham county came down there with a lunacy warrant for a citizen living near by. The man was found at the store of Rev. Ellis' brother, and after slight resistance he was handcuffed. The sheriff asked for assistance in placing his prisoner in his carriage, and Rev. Ellis was among those who responded. While this was being done the mad man broke the link of his handcuffs and threw his captors right and left. In the mix-up Rev. Ellis was struck in the ribs, one of which was broken short in two, after which the mad man engaged him in a hand-to-hand encounter, beating him about the head and body with his fists, and at the same time disposing of Rev. Ellis' rescuers with right and left jabs with his manacled wrists.

Round one had drawn out to be painfully long and tiresome when the maniac was finally tripped and the minister was given a breathing spell.

Rev. Ellis is still suffering quite a little discomfort from his injuries.

Wanted.
Small, well-improved place of fifty or seventy-five acres in 4 miles or less of town. P. O. Box No. 262.

Last night was caused by the chuckling of the barbers and laundrymen in all parts of the city. No one would accuse Judge Goff of seeking to advance their interests, but the fact remains that they celebrated in royal style until an early hour this morning. As a matter of history, Judge Goff's aversion to barbers has long been an open secret.

While the majority of the shaving and suds merchants made plans for putting on extra help and getting more space in the savings banks, some of the more conservative business men figured it out that the decision might have a directly opposite effect.

"Why, I expect to lose every married customer I've got got," said one little shaver. "Unless that decision is set aside what's to prevent a man who is anxious to get rid of his wife from letting his fringe grow? Mark me, by the end of the week you will be able to pick out the dissatisfied married men by their unshaved faces and soiled linen. And there's another angle. Any man who is anxious to keep his wife won't rush to the barber's. He will buy a safety razor."

"Married martyrs who have visions of having their highballs and cigar money cut down have a Mr. Mogilewsky to thank for Judge Goff's anti-whisker decision. Mrs. Mogilewsky is suing her husband for a separation. Yesterday his lawyer went before the court and asked that the weekly alimony be reduced.

"Why your honor," pleaded Mogilewsky's attorney, "my client has to wear dirty collars and go without shaving to pay this weekly allowance. He was in my office today and his collar looked like the stack on an American line boat.

"And does he do that because of his wife?" asked Judge Goff.

"He surely does, your honor."

"Under some circumstances that of itself might be cause of separation," said the court. And, in addition, I fail to grasp the sacrificial end of it."

Judge Goff reserved his decision on Mogilewsky's motion.

AT THE CLOSE OF LIFE

are you going to look back upon a success or a failure? It will be too late to change then—but it is not too late to choose now—success or failure. Are you making each day to choose now—each day leave you better off in this world's goods? Do you save from each day's earnings? Before you start a new year, start an account with us, so you'll have a safe place for each day's savings.

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M'Lendon Suit Filed in Court

Case Will be Tried in Chatham Superior Court.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 28.—Attorney William D. Thomson, of the firm of Candler, Tomson & Hirsch, left the city Friday night for Savannah, where he filed Saturday, before Judge Walter G. Charlton, of Chatham superior court, quo warranto suit on behalf of the former Chairman S. G. McLendon, of the railroad commission, in which Mr. McLendon will seek to establish his title to the office which Governor Brown has just appointed Joseph F. Gray.

The petition filed will dispute the right of Mr. Gray to the office of railroad commissioner upon grounds now well known, and the court will be asked to issue a rule nisi requiring Mr. Gray to show cause why quo warranto proceedings should not be instituted. To this Mr. Gray will have to make answer within ten days and the case will then be heard upon its merits on such date as the court may set.

As soon as Judge Charlton's decision is rendered the case will be taken to the supreme court on a fast bill of exceptions, and there it is possible for it to be argued early in October. If the litigation is pushed as speedily as possible, a final decision may be reached by the middle of October or the first of November, at latest.

There will be associated with Candler, Tomson & Hirsch in this litigation, former Justice J. R. Lamar, Andrew J. Cobb and William A. Little, of the supreme court. It is not yet known who will represent Mr. Gray, upon whom the burden of defending the litigation will fall.

It is understood, however, according to the view taken by Attorney General Hart, that Mr. Gray as default commissioner will receive the proportionate salary for the time he serves, whether he finally loses the office or not.

Big Gain in Tax Values.
ATLANTA, Aug. 27.—The exact gain upon the county digests in the taxable property of the state, as compared with 1908, is \$30,241,979. The last of the digests was received today, each of them showing a gain as follows: Dooley, \$70,240; Richmond, \$121,553; Bartow, \$191,554; Washington, \$187,287.